The Facilities Café Diverse Project Delivery Is the New Reality



First Course – Appetizers, Introductions of Wait Staff & Diners

Second Course – "Cook It Yourself" Sampler at UNC Wilmington

Third Course – A "Master Chef" for Other Universities

Palate Cleansing – Break

Fourth Course – Entrée, Group Exercise

Fifth Course – Dessert, Recap of the Exercise

Sixth Course – Apertifs, An Overview of Financing Options

Check Please – Wrap-up

Gourmet Dining Team



Brad Reid – Director of Housing, University of North Carolina Wilmington

Brad Noyes – *Vice President, Brailsford & Dunlavey*

Brent Jeffcoat – Partner and Bond Attorney, McGuire Woods

Ken Leonczyk – Managing Dir., Public Finance, Bank of America Merrill Lynch

Bob Gunn – Principal, Clark Nexsen, Architecture & Engineering

UNC Wilmington: Who Are We



Brad Reid – Director of Housing and Residence Life

- Began housing career at UNC Charlotte in 1979
- Chief Housing Officer for 20 years
- Lead student affairs representative for new construction on three UNC System campuses
- Recently led the UNCW effort to construct 1,783 alternatively financed beds giving the UNCW housing program a total of 4,143 beds total
- Opened at 100% occupancy in all 31 years of residence life work

UNC Wilmington: Who Are We

SC UP

- Founded in 1947
- Member of 16-institution University of North Carolina System
- Enrollment of nearly 13,000 in Fall 2010
- Top 10 for 12 years of Masters Institutions in the South by

US News & World Report

• "Best in the Southeast" by Princeton Review 6 years



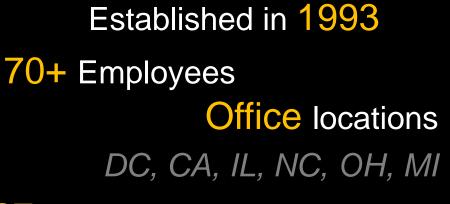
Brailsford & Dunlavey: Who Are We



Brad Noyes – Vice President, Brailsford & Dunlavey

- Been with the firm since our founding in 1993
- Background in Architecture and Real Estate Development
- Frequent guest lecturer at many national higher education conferences
- Written articles on planning and program management for a number of national publications
- Experience with over 150 higher education facilities projects
 - Over \$1 billion of program management and consulting
- Experience with over 50 K-12 facilities projects
 - Over \$250 million of program management and consulting

Brailsford & Dunlavey: Who Are We



327 Higher Education Clients











Brailsford & Dunlavey: Who Are We



SERVICES

MASTER PLANNING **STRATEGIC PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT** FINANCIAL ANALYSIS & BUDGET DEVELOPMENT ECONOMIC IMPACT ANALYSIS **REFERENDUM PLANNING & SUPPORT SERVICES PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT ARCHITECTURE / ENGINEERING SELECTION** CONSTRUCTION OVERSIGHT **BUSINESS PLANNING** MARKET ANALYSIS **DESIGN MANAGEMENT** FEASIBILITY & MARKET STUDY **PROJECT BUDGET & SCHEDULE MANAGEMENT PROJECT / CONSULTANT TEAM COORDINATION**

McGuire Woods: Who Are We



Brent Jeffcoat – Partner, Public Finance

- Bond counsel to the states of NC and SC
- Traditional governmental general obligation and revenue bond issues
 - **Clemson University**
 - Winthrop University
 - Medical College of Charleston
 - The Citadel
 - College of Charleston
 - Francis Marion University
 - University of South Carolina
 - USC Aiken
 - **USC Beaufort**

McGuire Woods: Who Are We





McGuire Woods: Who Are We



Total Lawyers	980
Domestic	Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Washington, DC, New York, Atlanta, Pittsburgh, Chicago, Los Angeles, Baltimore, Richmond, Tysons Corner, Norfolk, Charlottesville, Columbia and Jacksonville
Foreign	London, UK, and Brussels, Belgium
Municipal Bond Lawyers	42
Total North Carolina Lawyers	180+
Resident North Carolina Bond Lawyers	6

Given our size and geographic coverage, it would be, at best, tedious to list all the practice areas and awards. Our website, www.mcguirewoods.com, has much of the information about the firm that would be helpful in evaluating our position in the market. We are an AmLaw 100 firm, which is just another way of measuring heft.

Our public finance group is also large. We've used the cover page as a visual way of showing our depth and diversity. Only seven of these lawyers are in Charlotte, but we work as a team across all our offices.

We are not emphasizing the numbers. Don't mistake, we are proud of our firm and its rankings. All of us, partners, associates, paralegals, secretaries and all other staff alike, are glad to be where we are. The numbers say something about our quality and business acumen, but there are other things we think are more important to a prospective client. Things like innovation, service, depth and proficiency.

Bank of America Merrill Lynch Leadership in Higher Education Sector



Ken Leonczyk – Managing Director

- 29 years of banking experience with significant student housing and higher education expertise
- Sample clients include:

University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

UNC Wilmington

UNC Charlotte

UNC Greensboro

UNC Pembroke

North Carolina State University

North Carolina A&T State University

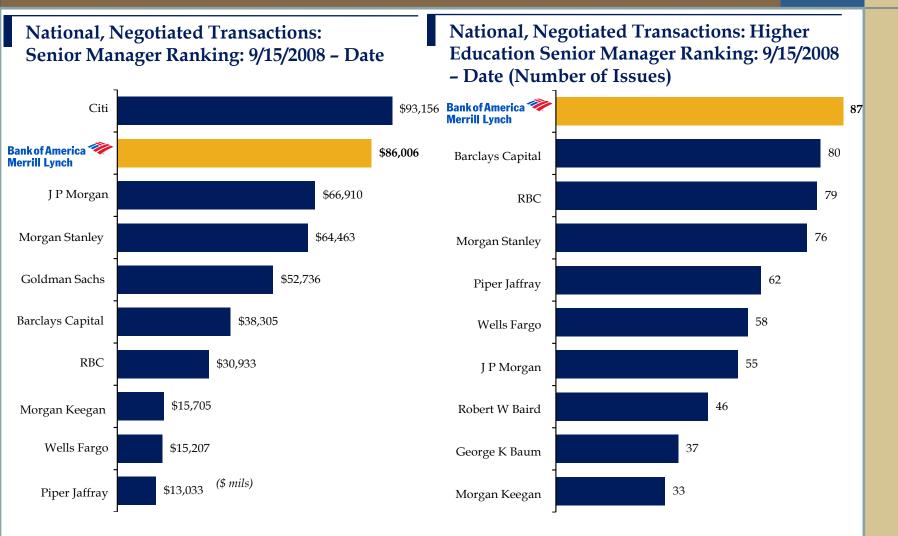
Davidson College

Queens University

Johnson & Wales University

Bank of America Merrill Lynch Leadership in Higher Education Sector





Bank of America Merrill Lynch Leadership in Higher Education Sector

BofA Merrill Lynch Higher Education Group

- 13 dedicated higher education bankers in 6 offices around the country
- Extensive and diverse client base
- Very strong client references
- Demonstrable track record of getting lowest rates for our clients

Representative Higher Education Clients OHNSON & WALES WAYNE STATE i iniversit SAVANNAH COLLEGE of ART and DESIGN NDED IN BROWN ΦФ Π UNIVERSITY DEI SVB NVMINE VSYLVANIA OF MINNESOTA TEMPLE Georgia UNIVERSITY Tech UNIVERSITY* UNIVERSITY of HAWAI'I' SYSTEM UNIVERSITY

Clark Nexsen: Who Are We

Bob Gunn – Principal, Higher Education

- Began with the firm in 1968
- Practicing Architect since 1972
- Led development of higher education practice since1988
- Serves on Academic Advisory Boards at UNC Charlotte and Radford University
- Experience in Master Planning, Science & Technology, Student Centers, Stadiums and Arena, Libraries, Housing, Parking, and Academic Facilities



Clark Nexsen: Who We Are



Bluefield College Christopher Newport University **Clemson University** College of William & Mary Davidson College Duke University Elizabeth City State University George Mason University Hampden-Sydney College James Madison University Johnson & Wales University - Charlotte Lenoir-Rhyne College Lynchburg College Mary Baldwin College NC A & T State University NC Central University NC State University Old Dominion University Randolph College Sweet Briar College University of Miami UNC Asheville UNC Chapel Hill UNC Charlotte **UNC** Wilmington **USC** Aiken **USC** Columbia University of Southern Mississippi University of Virginia Virginia Military Institute Virginia State University Virginia Tech Washington & Lee University Washington University in St. Louis Western Carolina University Winston-Salem State University

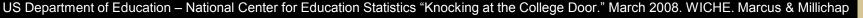


Student demographics

- 1997 to 2006:
 - High School Graduates increased 22%
 - Minority graduation rose approximately 49%
 - Total Enrollment increased 22%
 - Undergraduate \rightarrow 22% increase
 - Graduate \rightarrow 26% increase
 - Minority enrollment rose approximately 20%
 - Since 2000, developers built 57,000 off-campus beds
 - Additional 23,000 new off-campus beds in 2009

Impact

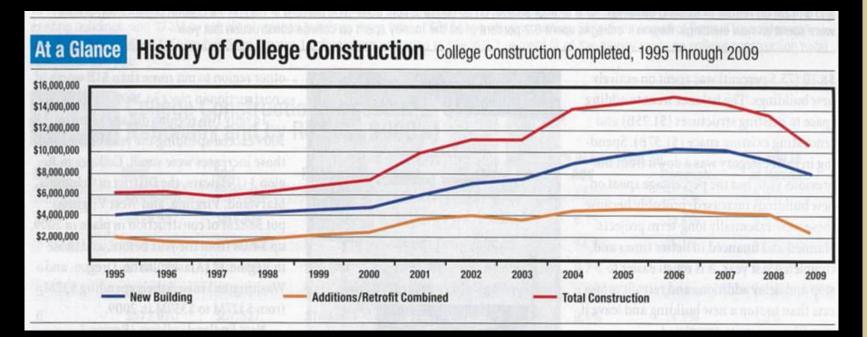
• Strong demand for higher education and K-12 facilities







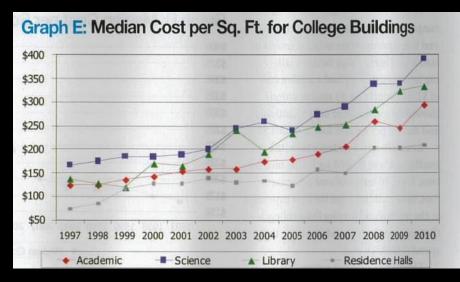
Decreasing higher education construction volume

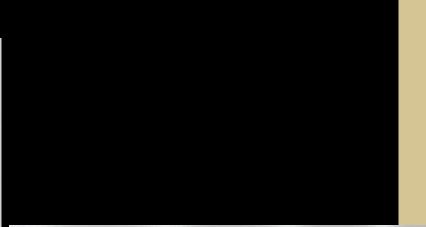


College Planning & Management February 2010 "The 2010 College Construction Annual Report"

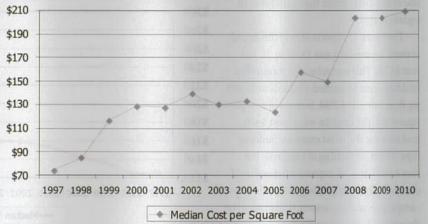


Cost per SF Remains High



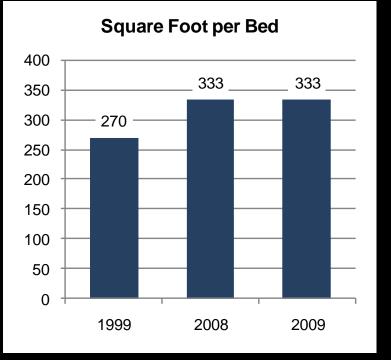


Graph D: Median Cost per Sq. Ft. for Residence Hall Buildings



College Planning & Management February 2010 "The 2010 College Construction Annual Report"





- Significant Rise in Construction Cost (until recently)
- Additional square feet per bed impact
- Projects much more difficult to pencil

Abramson, Paul. "Living on Campus - Downsizing Residence Halls: Space and Costs." 2009 College Housing Report. www.webCPM.com.

More difficult to access capital

- Reduced state and local funding
- No highly rated bond insurers
- Dislocation of the Auction Rate Market
- Reduced fundraising

Impact

- Difficulty funding initial feasibility studies
- Viable projects are finding it difficult to obtain capital



Market Update

Municipal Market Update

Commentary ⁽¹⁾

- Muni supply fell to \$8.6bn on Friday, lower than the yearly average of \$9.3bn.
- Munis rallied with Treasuries due to poor employment data, increasing the possibility of quantitative easing.
- The 10-year AAA Muni is considered cheap relative to the SIFMA swap.
- The SIFMA Index reset at .25% or 96% of 1month LIBOR on 10/6/10
- Current RBI ⁽²⁾: 4.58% reset on 10/7/10

Muni vs. Treasury Relative Yields









⁽¹⁾ Source: BAS/Merrill Lynch Research as of October 8, 2010

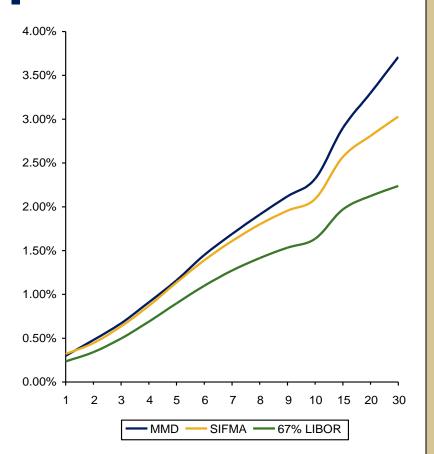
⁽²⁾ Source: Bloomberg as of October 8, 2010

Market Update

Swaps Relative to MMD

Current Yield Curves

	MMD	SIFMA	67% LIBOR
1	0.30%	0.32%	0.23%
2	0.48%	0.45%	0.34%
3	0.67%	0.64%	0.50%
4	0.91%	0.87%	0.69%
5	1.16%	1.14%	0.90%
6	1.45%	1.39%	1.10%
7	1.69%	1.61%	1.27%
8	1.91%	1.80%	1.41%
9	2.12%	1.96%	1.53%
10	2.32%	2.09%	1.63%
15	2.90%	2.57%	1.97%
20	3.30%	2.81%	2.12%
30	3.71%	3.03%	2.24%



Bank Market Update Fewer banks, but for the time being, lower pricing



Bank pricing declined through the first three quarters of 2010, continuing a trend that emerged at the end of 2009, however it is unlikely to continue.

- Tax-exempt money market fund assets declined to \$400 billion at the end of 2009 from a peak of \$528 billion at 8/2008, reducing demand for short-term debt. Money fund assets continue to decline in 2010 and are currently at about \$350 billion.
- Diminished demand has been offset by tepid supply as many issuers have either converted or refunded into fixed rate debt. Issuance of VRDBs was \$42.7 billion in 2009, down from \$125.8 billion in 2008, drastically reducing demand for new letters of credit. In 2010, short term issuance has averaged around 5% of total new issue volume.
- A substantially smaller group of banks have the ratings quality and credit capacity to support VRDBs. In the first three quarters of 2010, 4 banks provided 61% of new letters of credit and liquidity facilities.⁽¹⁾
- Although fewer banks are providing credit enhancement, the ones that remain have been competing for what new short term business there is. Competition on renewals of existing facilities has also increased due to low new issue volume. Consequently, bank pricing has declined, however issuers that are already large users of bank capacity or have very large credit needs for a single transaction continue to pay a premium, since there are in the aggregate, fewer banks participating in the market.
- As banks position public finance as a "core business", they are most interested in providing credit if other business, such as deposits or treasury, is at stake. Issuers in all sectors must be prepared to manage their spending on financial services to make sure they have adequate credit availability. There are very few remaining "one product shops" offering credit only.
- Relationships matter. Most banks have become much more selective in determining who they provide credit to and most hesitate to establish a new credit-only relationship. Because a core business is generally thought of as one in which there is a multi-product relationship with a client, selectivity is usually based on an existing association with some part of the bank or affiliated broker/dealer.

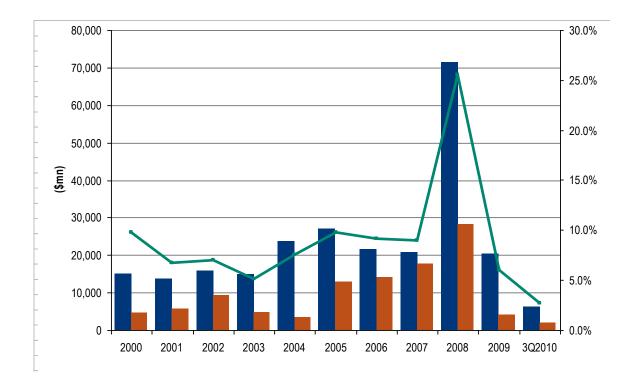
⁽¹⁾ Source: Thomson Reuters

Bank Market Update

Issuance of new credit and liquidity facilities is at 10 year low



Issuance of LOCs and liquidity facilities during the decade





Future Student Demographics

- 2007 to 2017:
 - High School Graduates → additional 22,000 students (+1%)
 - Total Enrollment → additional 2.1 million students (+12%)
- Other factors:
 - Undergraduates are enrolling for more than 4 years
 - Rise in non-traditionally aged and international student enrollment
 - Rise in 2-year college and graduate school enrollment
 - Community Colleges have expanded their interest

Impact

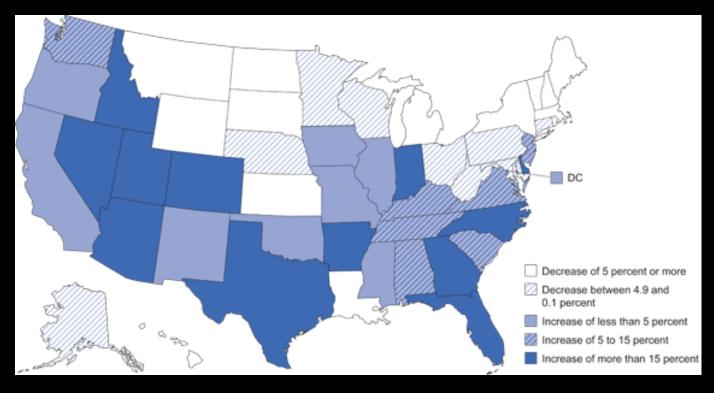
• Demand for higher education and K-12 facilities remains

US Department of Education – National Center for Education Statistics "Knocking at the College Door." March 2008. WICHE.



High School Demographics

Projected percentage change in the number of public high school graduates, by state: 2007–08 through 2017–18 (Source: NCES)





Types of Buildings

Table 5	Profile of	New Building	gs Currently	Underway	unteboSlepe	No Ball
Building	Median Size		(2'00	Cost per Sq. Ft.	onally and h	Buildings
Туре	(Sq. Ft.)	Median Cost	Low Quartile	Median	High Quartile	in Sample
Academic	70,000	\$20,000,000	\$212.05	\$295.00	\$410.08	98
Admin/Office	35,000	\$19,776,000	\$183.16	\$398.91	\$545.06	13
Early Childhood	15,317	\$4,717,942	\$208.33	\$350.00	\$385.89	11
Library	55,000	\$24,000,000	\$227.69	\$333.33	\$456.14	11
Performance	89,000	\$28,330,000	\$269.09	\$351.09	\$416.67	22
Physical Education	43,000	\$13,000,000	\$185.00	\$274.29	\$403.44	33
Residence Halls	80,000	\$14,000,000	\$172.82	\$209.31	\$259.26	70 - 37%
Science	89,500	\$30,656,500	\$266.15	\$391.65	\$594.43	86
Student Union	85,200	\$31,000,000	\$233.75	\$275.86	\$446.60	43
Technology	52,448	\$11,750,000	\$181.41	\$225.38	\$514.21	16

To read this table: The median academic building in this sample of buildings recently completed or currently being constructed will contain 70,000 square feet and will cost \$20M. The median cost will be \$295 per square foot. One quarter of the academic buildings will cost \$212.05 per square foot or less. At the other end of the scale, one out of four academic buildings will cost \$410.08 per square foot or more. This information was gathered from a sample of 98 academic buildings completed in 2009 or currently under construction.

College Planning & Management February 2010 "The 2010 College Construction Annual Report"

Bank Market Update Student Housing Project Financing has Revived



Opportunities

- BBB range ratings can be obtained for student housing projects which have had the past several years to mature and demonstrate strong competitive and operational performance. The rating may even support a new project.
 - Low interest rate levels allow a fixed rate BBB bond issues to attain an all-in cost of approximately 6%.
- New, stand alone projects with strong economics and competitive positions designed to serve students of well positioned public universities can now being financed with a structured tax exempt bond issue composed of several series at an all-in cost of approximately 7%.
 - A first lien tranche for 70-80% of the funding needs can be financed with a letter of credit backed VRDO at an all-in cost of approximately 5%.
 - An unsubordinated tranche for 20-30% of the funding need can be sold to institutional investors at approximately 8%.
 - The developer may be required to take a portion of its development fee in the form of a third subordinated tranche thus reducing the funding requirement of the first two tranches.
- Given the extremely low level of interest earnings on construction proceeds, a draw-down structure can be used for VRDO issues to minimize negative arbitrage before proceeds can be spent. Bonds are not "issued" until funds are required for construction.



Obama Administration's Education Plan

- Increase access to higher education
 - Pell Grants \rightarrow increased \$500 to \$5,350
 - Tax Credits → new \$2,500 credit for 4-year college tuition
 - Modernize and Expand the Perkins Loan
 - Giving access to 2.7 million additional students
- Make US higher education #1 in world graduation rate by 2020.
 - Currently ranked 15th in the world
 - Graduate 18 out of every 100 (compared to 26/100)
- Build America Bonds (ARRA 2009)
- Bank-Qualified Debt

Second Course



"Cook It Yourself Sampler" at UNC Wilmington

Courtesy of Weaver Cooke and Clark Nexsen

OVERALL SITE PLAN





UNC Wilmington – Housing Strategy





- Strategic Plan 40% of undergraduate students residing on campus, or about 4,200 students
- In 2004 23% on campus
- In 2004, there were 2,300 beds Priority given to 1,950 freshmen
- Apartment Style in Collegiate Atmosphere
- Accommodations for upper class students
- Accomplish housing goals over the next 5
 years

Why Use Privatized Financing? UNC Wilmington's Reasons



- - Procurement More responsive to immediate needs of University and its Housing & Dining Systems.
 - Time Design-Bid-Build procurement for state institutions average 4-6 years (2-3 biennia); alternatively financed projects can be significantly shorter – traditional public works process is protracted and cumbersome.
 - 3. Alternative Procurement Techniques e.g. Design-Build, General Contractor/Construction Manager (GC/CM) or Construction Manager at Risk.
 - 4. Participant Diversity Access to more diverse design and contracting participants. Contractors accustomed to negotiated work; obviating many of the problems inherent in lump sum, low bid public works.
 - Flexibility increased design flexibility, often resulting in cost savings while achieving design attributes atypical in public works projects.
 - 6. Control University generally exercises greater control over project program/design, scheduling, reviews, and permitting.

Why Use Privatized Financing? UNC Wilmington's Reasons



- Review Process Privatized Projects <u>may</u> avoid some of the State's document reviews and project oversight while maintaining substantive design and construction standards.
- 8. Financing Cost Cost of money for the projects is generally lower.
- 9. Debt Structure Debt <u>may</u> be off-balance sheet, non-recourse to the institution, secured only by revenues to project.
- **10.Less Risk** Facilities are not specialty construction, e.g. lab space or hospitals; combined with negotiated fixed price contract, incidence of claims and completion risks are significantly reduced.
- 11. Legitimate Capital Procurement Structure Provides quality, competitive, on-campus housing alternative for university's undergraduate population.
- 12. Facilities Staffing For smaller institutions absent large capital planning, design, and construction staffs, projects can be an advantageous means to secure quality housing with little or no additional staff.

Public – Private Concept





Public – UNCW (State) Property Leased to the Corporation Private – Formation of UNCW Housing Corporation I and II, LLC (tax exempt Foundation)

- Sale of Revenue Bonds by the LLC
- Apartment Rentals Repay Bonds
- Housing Marketed & Managed By UNCW Housing Office

Features of the Process



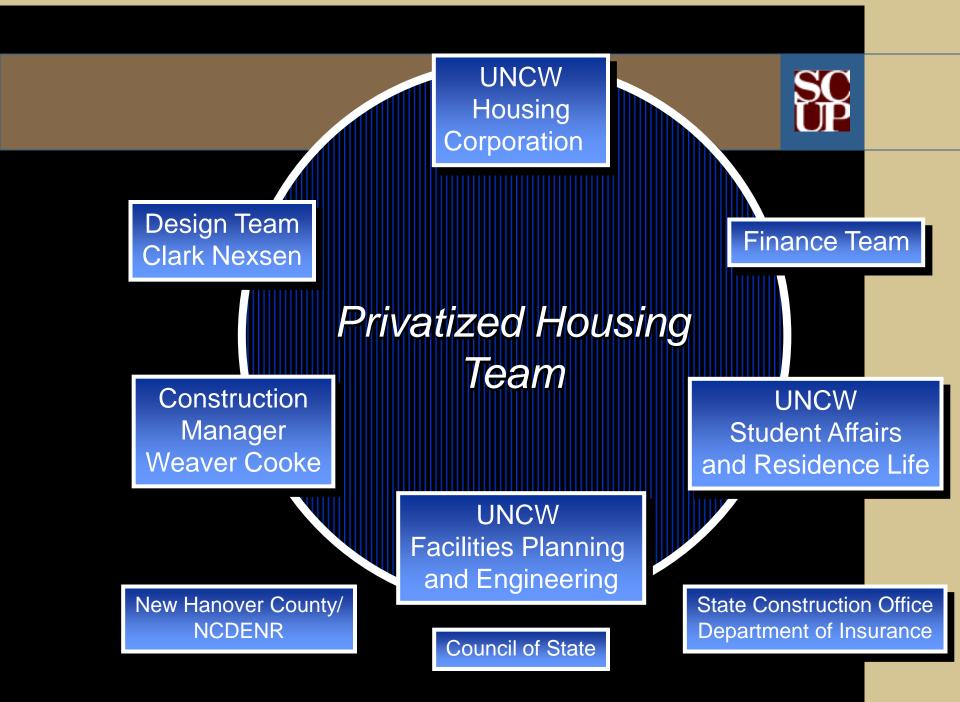


- Fast Track Financing
- Capped Financing
- Flexible Procurement Rules
- Competitive but Negotiated Procurement for the A/E and CM at Risk
- Modified AIA Contract Formats for the A/E and CM
- Subject to City and County Permitting
- Formal Review by State Agencies with comments answered — This was the First Privatized Project that was done in this manner in North Carolina.

Project Team

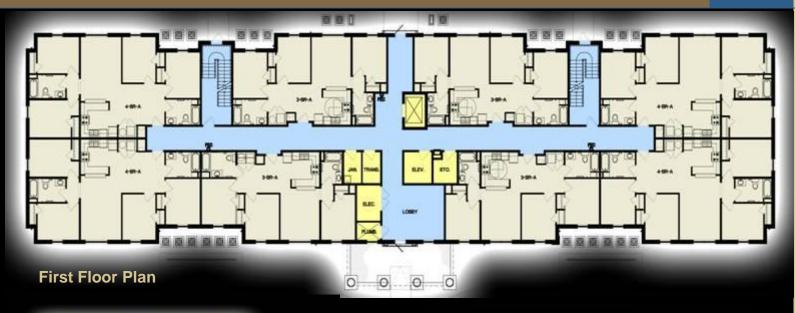


- Underwriter Bank of America
- Underwriter Counsel Hunton and Williams, Raleigh
- Bond Insurer Financial Guaranty Insurance Co., New York
- Trustee Branch Banking and Trust Company, Wilson
- Trustee Counsel Wyrick Robbins Yates & Ponton, Raleigh
- Rating Agency Standard and Poors, New York
- Special Counsel Parker Poe Adams & Bernstein, Charlotte
- Design Clark Nexsen Architecture & Engineering, Charlotte and Raleigh
- CM at Risk Weaver Cooke Construction, Greensboro



Typical Floor Plans







Three Bedroom Apartment



Four Bedroom Apartment

Project Scope – Seahawk Village



- Six Apartment Buildings
- Two, Three, and Four Bedroom Units
- 148 Apartments 524 Beds
- Clubhouse
- Swimming Pool
- Dedicated Parking for 90% of the Residents





Features of the Project



- Rent All-Inclusive of Utilities, Internet
- Private 10' x 12' Bedrooms Full Size Beds
- One Full Bathroom for Each
 Two Students
- Fully Furnished, Including Full Kitchens
- Washer and Dryer in Each Apartment
- Individual Unit Heat Pumps





Features of the Project



- Wireless Internet Service
- Cable TV and Local
 Phone Service
- Clubhouse with
 Swimming Pool
- Ample Parking 472
 Spaces
- Average Rent -\$480/mo/Student/
 12-Month Lease
- Meal Plan Optional





Interior Images





Clubhouse Exterior Images





Clubhouse Interior Images





SEAHAWK LANDING Overview

l



Seahawk Landing The Piazza with Pool



Seahawk Landing Interior Amenities







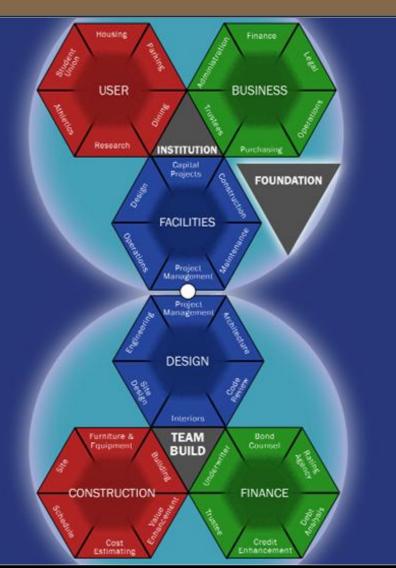




SC UP

The Wilmington Approach – How to Employ It on Your Campus





A Professional Comprehensive Approach to Project Delivery Without Involving a Developer

- Design
- Construction
- Finance
- Project Management

Third Course – A "Master Chef" at Other Universities



Commonalities

- Replacing or overhauling '60s buildings
- Restoring/upgrading earlier buildings
- Adding new swing space and additional beds

Differences

- Program
- Construction System
- Construction Delivery
- Financing

General Obligation Bond Financing





Elizabeth City State University University Suites



Wood Frame
\$27,500/bed
\$96/sf
2000 State Bond
Suites





General Obligation Bond Financing





North Carolina A&T State University Aggie Village



Wood Frame
\$33,809/bed
\$104/sf
2000 State Bond
Suites

* In Association with Sasaki Associates





General Obligation Bond Financing

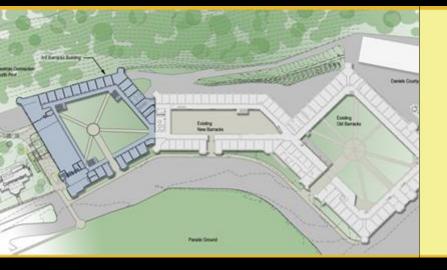


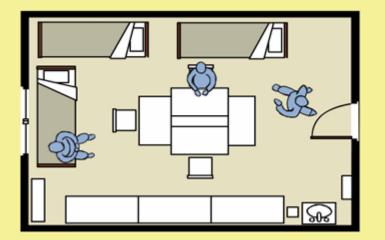


Virginia Military Institute Barracks and Cadet Commons



Concrete Frame
\$99,750/bed
\$155/sf
State Legislature
Barracks (inc. dining hall)













University of North Carolina Chapel Hill Ram Village



\$69,000,000	Steel Frame
433,566 sf	\$75,100/bed
July 2006	\$159/sf
CM at Risk	Revenue Bonds
919 Beds	Apartments

* In Association with Sasaki Associates









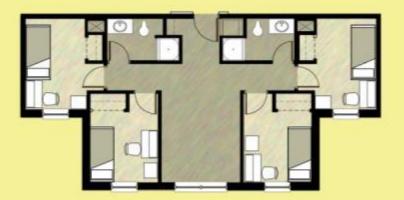
Old Dominion University Quad Residence Halls



\$21,000,000 136,000 sf 32 Months Design-Build 408 Beds

Steel Frame \$51,470/bed \$154/sf Revenue Bonds Suites





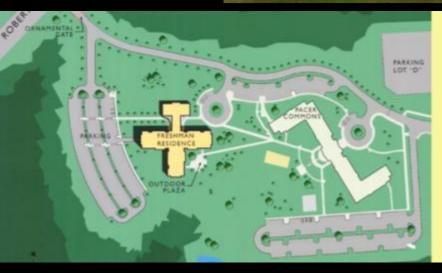




University of South Carolina Aiken Freshman Residence Hall



\$14,235,000	Steel Frame
90,000 sf	\$47,450/bed
18 Months	\$158/sf
Design-Build	Revenue Bonds
300 Beds	Suites





General Obligation Bonds





North Carolina Central University Annie Day Shepard Renovations



\$6,281,572	Concrete Frame
51,886 sf	\$40,789/bed
31 Months	\$121/sf
General Contractor	State Bonds
154 Beds	Double Suites



Revenue Bonds





Duke University Few Quad



\$20,000,000	Steel Frame w/ Concrete
130,267 sf	\$46,512/bed
17 Months	\$154/sf
CM at Risk	Revenue Bonds
430 Beds	Single, Double & Triple Traditional





Revenue Bonds

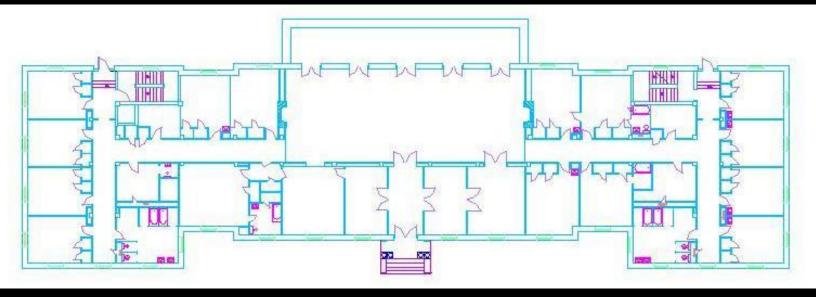




University of North Carolina Chapel Hill McIver, Alderman, Kenan Renovations



\$8,313,338	Steel Frame
84,270 sf	\$25,423/bed
29 Months	\$99/sf
General Contractor	Revenue Bonds
327 Beds	Double Traditional



Revenue Bonds





18

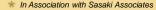




George Mason University Potomac Heights



\$22,000,000	Post-tensioned Concrete
183,000 sf	\$43,650/bed
28 months	\$120/sf
Design/Bid/Build	d Privatized Financing
504 Beds	Apartments
In Association with Sasaki Associates	











Christopher Newport University CNU Village



\$24,000,000	Wood Frame
410,243 sf	\$60,000/bed
22 Months	\$59/sf (w/parking)
Design-Build	Privatized Financing
400 Beds	Apartments

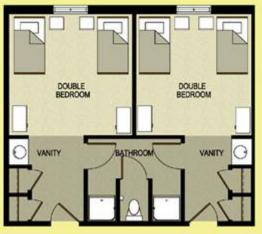
















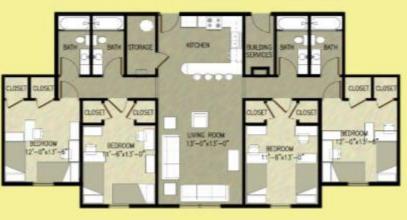
Winston-Salem State University Foundation Heights



\$17,000,000	W
113,343 sf	\$5
13 Months	\$1
CM at Risk	Pr
312 Beds	Ap

Wood Frame \$54,487/bed \$149/sf Privatized Financing Apartments







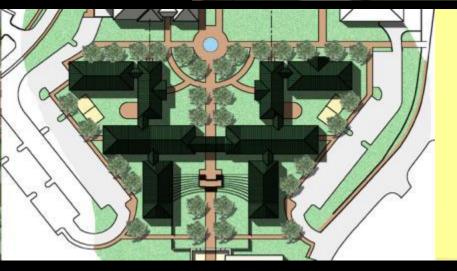


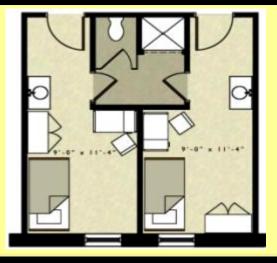
Western Carolina University Central Quad Residence Halls



\$44,700,000
220,000 sf
37 Months
CM at Risk
830 Beds

Steel Frame \$53,855/bed \$203/sf Privatized Financing Suites









University of North Carolina Wilmington Seahawk Village



\$27,000,000	
207,000 sf	
22 Months	
CM at Risk	
524 Beds	

Wood Frame \$47,100/bed \$130/sf Privatized Financing Apartments (includes pool)









University of North Carolina Wilmington Seahawk Landing



\$34,000,000	
265,000 sf	
18 Months	
CM at Risk	
609 Beds	

Wood Frame \$64,885/bed \$128/sf Privatized Financing Apartments









Public-Private Partnership



Buildings 1-7, University of Maryland College Park

- 7 phases 2001-2010
- Budget: \$143,760,000
- Size: 2,192 Beds
- Composite Concrete
 and Steel Structure
- Financing: Tax Exempt Bonds
- Management: Capstone-Facilities UMD- Res Life



Public-Private Partnership



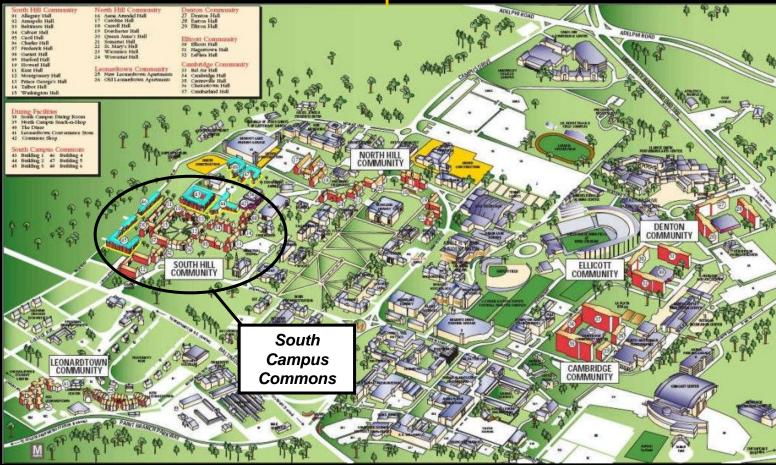


Courtesy of Capstone Development Corporation

Public-Private Partnership

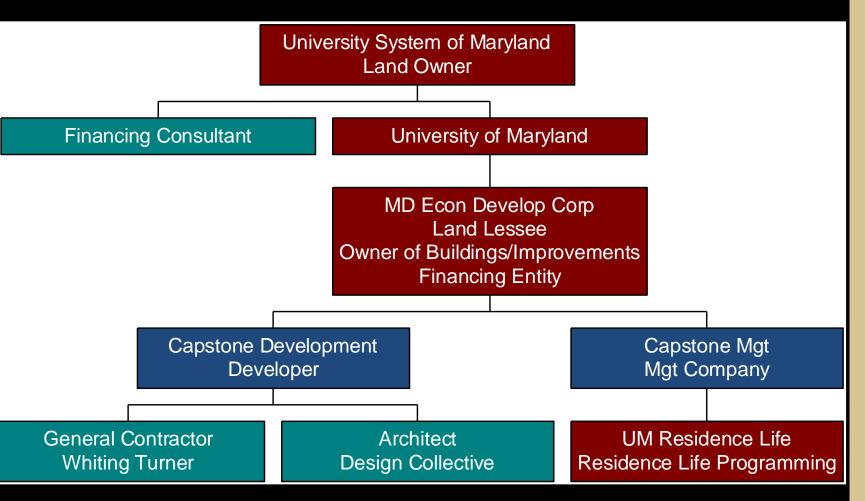


University of Maryland College Park – South Campus Commons





University of Maryland – Development Structure





University #2

Background & Analysis

- Multiple campuses
- 13,500 students
- Institution is not rated
 - Increased cost of capital
- Analysis shows that consolidating campuses would provide major savings (approx. \$5M annually)
 - Would need to replace lost assets on consolidated campus (housing, recreation, support services)



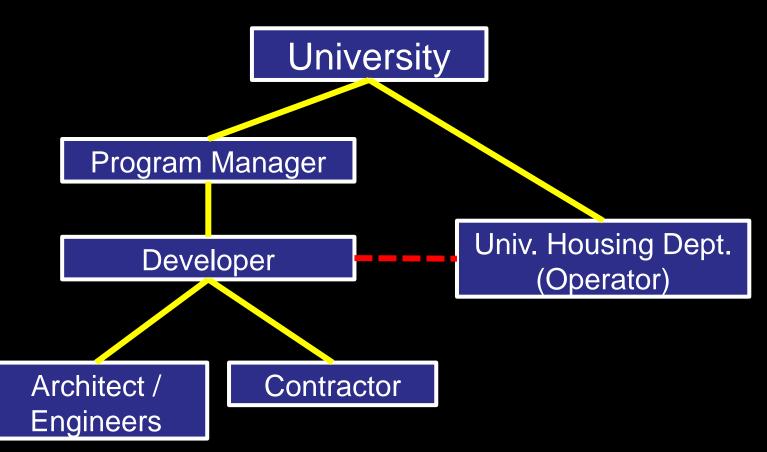
University #2

Considerations

- Housing as its own PPP?
 - Existing housing is profitable
 - Mix of revenue and non-revenue space
- Bundle housing with other assets?
 - Only if full package achieves acceptable DCR
 - Single ground lease
- Town-Gown Relationship Strained
 - Stringent approvals process
 - University's separation from process beneficial
 - Decreases initial financial risk (design, etc.)

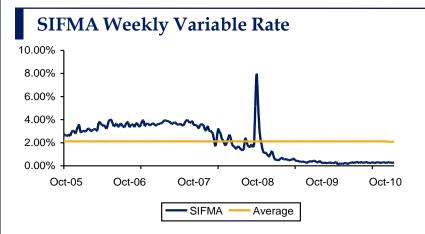


Development Structure



Market Update Overview







SIFMA/LIBOR Ratios



LIBOR Yield Curve



Market Update General Market Update and Rate Forecast



Commentary ⁽¹⁾

- Support is forming for additional quantitative easing and a compromise may be reached for the December FOMC meeting.
- Personal income increased 0.5% in August as compensation increased 0.3%. The employed labor force is earning more per hour and working longer hours.
- Consumer spending increased 0.4%, partially due to higher prices, with real consumer spending increasing by 0.2%.
- Construction spending increased 0.4% in August due to increased public spending on highway construction, showing the effects of stimulus funding.
- Initial jobless claims fell to 445K for the week ending October 2nd from 456K the prior week.
- Pending home sales increased 4.3% in August, after increasing 4.5% in July. Levels are down approximately 20% from August last year.
- Current Fed Funds: 0.00%-0.25%
- Current 10-Year UST: 2.34% (10/8/10 close)

				,	
Metric	Current	2010Q4	2011Q1	2011Q2	2011Q3
Fed Funds	0-0.25%	0-0.25%	0-0.25%	0-0.25%	0.0-0.25%
3-Month LIBOR	0.29%	0.30%	0.30%	0.30%	0.30%
2YR T-Note	0.34%	0.30%	0.35%	0.40%	0.50%
5YR T-Note	1.10%	0.80%	1.00%	1.10%	1.15%
10YR T-Note	2.34%	2.00%	2.25%	2.40%	2.75%
30YR T-Bond	3.75%	3.40%	3.50%	3.60%	3.75%

Economists' Federal Funds Forecasts (2)

Bank	2010Q4	2011Q1	2011Q2	2011Q3
Bank of America				
Merrill Lynch	0-0.25%	0-0.25%	0-0.25%	0-0.25%
	0.050/	0.050/	0.050/	
Barclays Capital	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
Deutsche Bank	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.50%
	0.05%	0.05%	0.05%	0.05%
JP Morgan Chase	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
Median	0.23%	0.23%	0.23%	0.25%

Economists' 10-Year Treasury Forecast ⁽²⁾

			- 5 -	
Bank	2010Q4	2011Q1	2011Q2	2011Q3
Bank of America				
Merrill Lynch	2.25%	1.75%	2.00%	2.40%
Barclays Capital	2.40%	2.50%	2.60%	2.90%
Deutsche Bank	2.00%	2.00%	2.50%	2.75%
JP Morgan Chase	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Median	2.33%	2.25%	2.50%	2.63%

⁽¹⁾ Source: BAS/Merrill Lynch Research as of October 8, 2010.

⁽²⁾ Source: Bloomberg Economic Survey as of October 8, 2010.

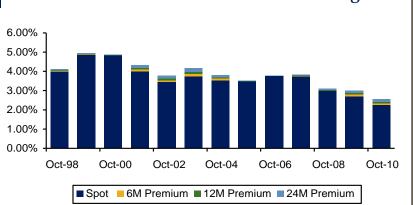
Market Update

Current and Historical Hedge Pricing – 20 Year Structures



% of LIBOR Forward Swap Pricing					
Spot Rate	Forward Premium	Hedge Rate			
2.26%	0.01%	2.27%			
2.26%	0.07%	2.33%			
2.26%	0.15%	2.41%			
2.26%	0.29%	2.55%			
2.26%	0.42%	2.68%			
2.26%	0.58%	2.84%			
2.26%	0.64%	2.90%			
	Spot Rate 2.26% 2.26% 2.26% 2.26% 2.26% 2.26%	Spot Rate Forward Premium 2.26% 0.01% 2.26% 0.07% 2.26% 0.15% 2.26% 0.29% 2.26% 0.42% 2.26% 0.58%			

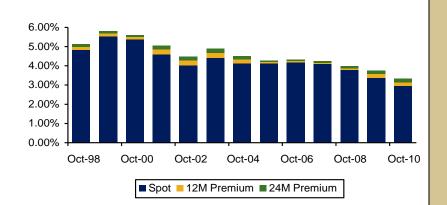
67% of LIBOR Forwards - Historical Pricing ⁽¹⁾



SIFMA Swap

Forward Period	Spot Rate	Forward Premium	Hedge Rate
1-Month	2.94%	0.03%	2.97%
6-Month	2.94%	0.12%	3.06%
1-Year	2.94%	0.20%	3.15%
2-Year	2.94%	0.40%	3.35%
3-Year	2.94%	0.58%	3.52%
5-Year	2.94%	0.83%	3.77%
10-Year	2.94%	1.06%	4.00%

SIFMA Forwards - Historical Pricing⁽²⁾



(1) 12-month and 24-month forward premiums are incremental to the 6-month forward premium.

(2) 24-month forward premium is incremental to the 12-month forward premium.

Market Update

SC UP

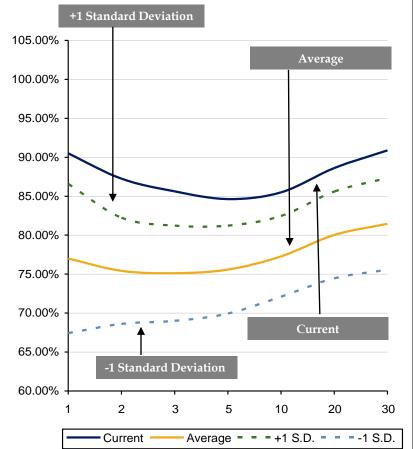
The SIFMA Ratio Curve is the Market's Value of Tax-Exemption

5-Year Historical SIFMA/LIBOR Ratios





SIFMA Ratio Curve ⁽¹⁾



(1) Rates as of 10/8/2010.

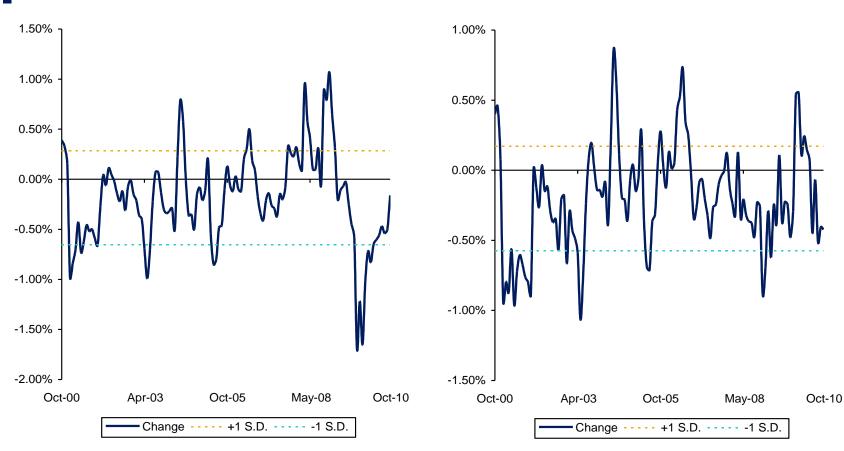
Market Update



Bond and Swap Rates Can Change Considerably Prior to Issuance

12-Month Changes in 20 Year MMD

12-Month Changes in 20 Year SIFMA



Market Update Municipal New Issue Credit Enhancement Providers



A Handful of Banks are Providing the Majority of Credit Enhancement Credit Enhancers of Municipal New Issues (LOCs & Standby Purchase Agreements)

Credit Enhancer Full to Each Manager	Principal Amount	Rank	Mkt. Share	Number of Issues
J P Morgan Chase	4,424.7	1	16.3	68
Bank of America Merrill Lynch	3,201.1	2	11.8	72
US Bank	3,139.0	3	11.6	73
Wells Fargo Bank	2,966.6	4	10.9	66
Royal Bank of Canada	1,706.9	5	6.3	5
SunTrust Bank	1,120.5	6	4.1	17
Branch Banking & Trust Co	1,107.3	7	4.1	38
TD Bank NA	690.8	8	2.5	22
PNC Bank NA	515.0	9	1.9	17
RBS Citizens NA	443.6	10	1.6	7
Landesbank Hessen-Thuringen	386.2	11	1.4	3
Citibank	365.5	12	1.4	4
Harris NA	359.6	13	1.3	12
The Bank of New York Mellon	348.1	14	1.3	9
Northern Trust Company	331.2	15	1.2	10
KBC Bank	329.8	16	1.2	5
Bank of Nova Scotia	305.4	17	1.1	7
Barclays Bank PLC	283.0	18	1.0	3
County Treasurer	246.8	19	.9	5
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corp	234.3	20	.9	4
Union Bank NA	211.0	21	.8	5
Fed Home Loan Bk of Des Moin	202.5	22	.8	5
Landesbank Baden-Wurttemberg	163.2	23	.6	1
Deutsche Bank	131.3	24	.5	10
Bank of Montreal Trust	126.1	25	.5	4
Industry Total	27,144.6	-	100.0	523

2009

3Q 2010

Credit Enhancer Full to Each Manager	Principal Amount	Rank	Mkt. Share	Number of Issues
J P Morgan Chase	2,062.5	1	25.5	29
Bank of America Merrill Lynch	1,581.7	2	19.6	23
Royal Bank of Canada	774.0	3	9.6	1
Barclays Bank PLC	545.7	4	6.7	4
Wells Fargo Bank	338.0	5	4.2	13
PNC Bank NA	289.4	6	3.6	9
TD Bank NA	223.6	7	2.8	4
Citibank	217.3	8	2.7	4
US Bank	207.1	9	2.6	6
RBS Citizens NA	193.1	10	2.4	2
SunTrust Bank	185.0	11	2.3	2
Svenska Handelsbanken	161.0	12	2.0	2
Deutsche Bank	129.6	13	1.6	3
Manufacturers & Traders Tr Co	115.4	14	1.4	2
Landesbank Baden-Wurttemberg	102.9	15	1.3	1
Bank of Nova Scotia	100.0	16	1.2	1
Union Bank NA	92.1	17	1.1	3
Lloyds TSB Group plc	75.0	18	.9	1
CoBank ACB	66.0	19	.8	4
Regions Bank	56.4	20	.7	2
Harris NA	48.8	21	.6	4
The Bank of New York Mellon	48.5	22	.6	2
HSBC Bank USA	47.6	23	.6	4
Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ	40.0	24	.5	1
Branch Banking & Trust Co	39.1	25	.5	3
Industry Total	8,090.6	-	100.0	153

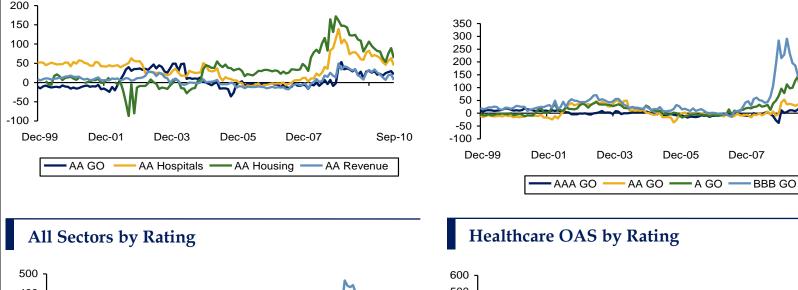
(1) Source: Thompson Municipal Data; 9/30/2010; Investors of new municipal LOC's and Standby Purchase Agreements. Full credit to each manager.

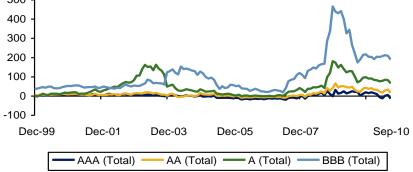
Bank Market Update

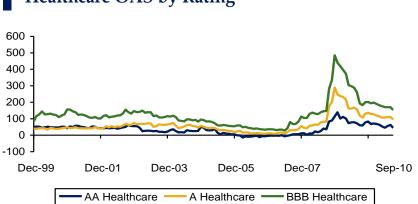
L/T credit spreads have declined towards historical norms

AA OAS by Sector









Sep-10

(1) Source: BAS/Merrill Lynch Research .

Thank you!



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